

## Λύσεις κριτηρίου 8

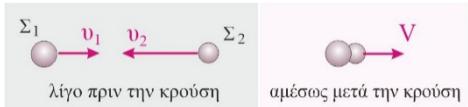
### ΘΕΜΑ Α

**A1.** (β) **A2.** (β) **A3.** (γ) **A4.** (δ) **A5.** α. Λ β. Σ γ. Λ δ. Σ ε. Λ

### ΘΕΜΑ Β

**B1. (i)**

$$\Delta P_1 = m_1 V - m_1 v_1 = -0,6m_1 v_1 \Rightarrow v_1 = 2,5V$$

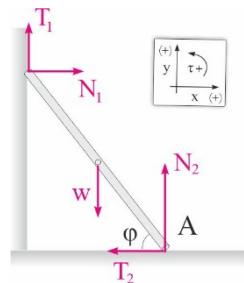


$$\Delta \Delta O: m_1 v_1 - m_2 v_2 = (m_1 + m_2) V \Rightarrow v_2 = 2v_1$$

$$K_2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_1}{4} (2v_1)^2 = K_1 \Rightarrow \frac{K_1}{K_2} = 1$$

**B2. (ii)**

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 \Rightarrow N_1 = T_2 \Rightarrow N_1 = 2T_1 \Rightarrow T_1 = \frac{N_1}{2} \Rightarrow \mu_\sigma N_1 = \frac{N_1}{2} \Rightarrow \mu_\sigma = 0,5$$



$$T_2 = \mu_\sigma N_2 = 0,5 N_2 \Rightarrow N_2 = 2T_2 = 4T_1$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \Rightarrow w = N_2 + T_1 = 5T_1$$

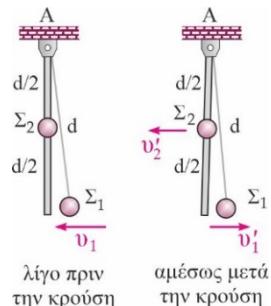
$$\Sigma \tau_{(A)} = 0 \Rightarrow w \frac{L}{2} \sigma v \nu \varphi = N_1 L \eta \mu \varphi + T_1 L \sigma v \nu \varphi \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{5T_1}{2} \sigma v \nu \varphi = 2T_1 \eta \mu \varphi + T_1 \sigma v \nu \varphi \Rightarrow \epsilon \varphi \varphi = 0,75$$

**B3. (iii)**

$$\Delta \Delta E: m_1 g d = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 \Rightarrow v_1 = \sqrt{2gd}$$

$$\Delta \Delta E: \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 = \frac{\omega}{d} \Rightarrow v_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\omega}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2gd}}{2} \Rightarrow v_1 = \frac{v_1}{2}$$



$$L_{\alpha\rho\chi} = L_{\tau\epsilon\lambda} \Rightarrow m_1 v_1 d = -m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2 \frac{d}{2} \Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{3m_1 v_1}{m_2}$$

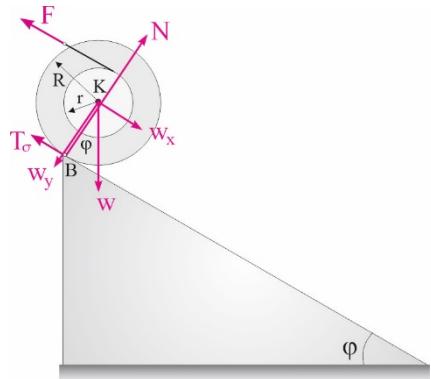
$$K_{\alpha\rho\chi} = K_{\tau\epsilon\lambda} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_1$$

### ΘΕΜΑ Γ

Γ1.

$$\Sigma \tau_{(B)} = 0 \Rightarrow w\eta\mu\varphi R = F(r+R) \Rightarrow r = \frac{R}{3} = 0,04m$$

Γ2.  $\Sigma F_x = 0 \Rightarrow w_x = T_\sigma + F \Rightarrow T_\sigma = 1N$



Γ3.

$$\alpha_{cm} = \alpha_{yoy} R = 6m/s^2$$

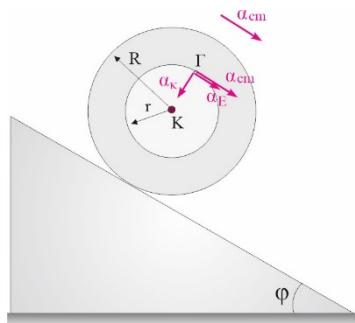
$$v_{cm} = \alpha_{cm} t \Rightarrow t = 0,5s$$

$$d = \frac{1}{2} \alpha_{cm} t^2 = \frac{3}{4} m$$

Γ4.  $\alpha_e = \alpha_{yoy} r = 2m/s^2$

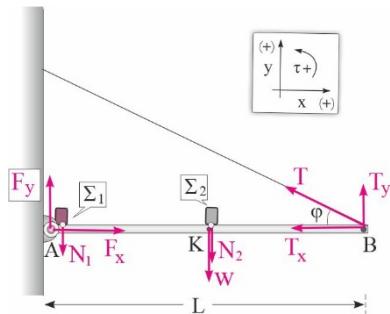
$$\alpha_k = \frac{v^2}{r} = \omega^2 r = (\alpha_{yoy} t)^2 r \Rightarrow \alpha_k = 25m/s^2$$

$$\alpha_\Gamma = \sqrt{(\alpha_{cm} + \alpha_e)^2 + \alpha_k^2} = \sqrt{689} \Rightarrow \alpha_\Gamma = 26,25m/s^2$$



### ΘΕΜΑ Δ

$$\Delta 1. \quad \Sigma \tau_{(A)} = 0 \Rightarrow Mg \frac{L}{2} + N_2 \frac{L}{2} = T \eta \mu \varphi L \Rightarrow T = 30N$$



$$\mu \epsilon \quad N_2 = m_2 g \Rightarrow N_2 = 10N$$

$$\Delta 2. \quad t_1 = t_2 \Rightarrow \frac{KA}{|v_1'|} = \frac{KB}{v_2'} \Rightarrow |v_1| = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = -v_2$$

$$v'_1 = -v'_2 \Rightarrow \frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 = -\frac{2m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 \Rightarrow$$

$$m_1 = \frac{m_2}{3} = \frac{1}{3} kg$$

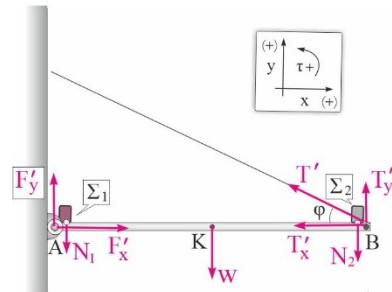
$$\Delta 3. \quad v'_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 = -\frac{v_0}{2}$$

$$t_{o\lambda} = \frac{AK}{v_0} + \frac{KA}{|v_1|} = \frac{\frac{L}{2}}{v_0} + \frac{\frac{L}{2}}{\frac{v_0}{2}} \Rightarrow v_0 = 1m/s$$

$$\Delta 4. \quad \Sigma \tau_{(A)} = 0 \Rightarrow Mg \frac{L}{2} + N_2 L = T' \eta \mu \varphi L \Rightarrow T' = 40N$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \Rightarrow w + N_1 + N_2 = F'_y + T'_y \Rightarrow F'_y = \frac{40}{3} N$$

$$\mu \epsilon \quad N_1 = m_1 g \Rightarrow N_1 = \frac{10}{3} N$$



$$F' = \sqrt{F_x'^2 + F_y'^2} = \frac{\sqrt{12400}}{3} \Rightarrow F' = 37N$$